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**WELCOME!**  
**WE'LL START AT 1100**



Certification Training



Knowledge Sharing



Continuous Learning



Mission Assistance

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≡ Turn Conflict Into High Performance with Polarity Thinking

## Some housekeeping items:

- Stay fully engaged for the whole session.
- Close email and other applications entirely. Silence your phone and notifications.
- Mute yourself when you're not talking.
- Leave your video on.
- Move into Gallery View if you're not already so you can see others.
- Please remember that we are on open channels so only unclassified conversation.

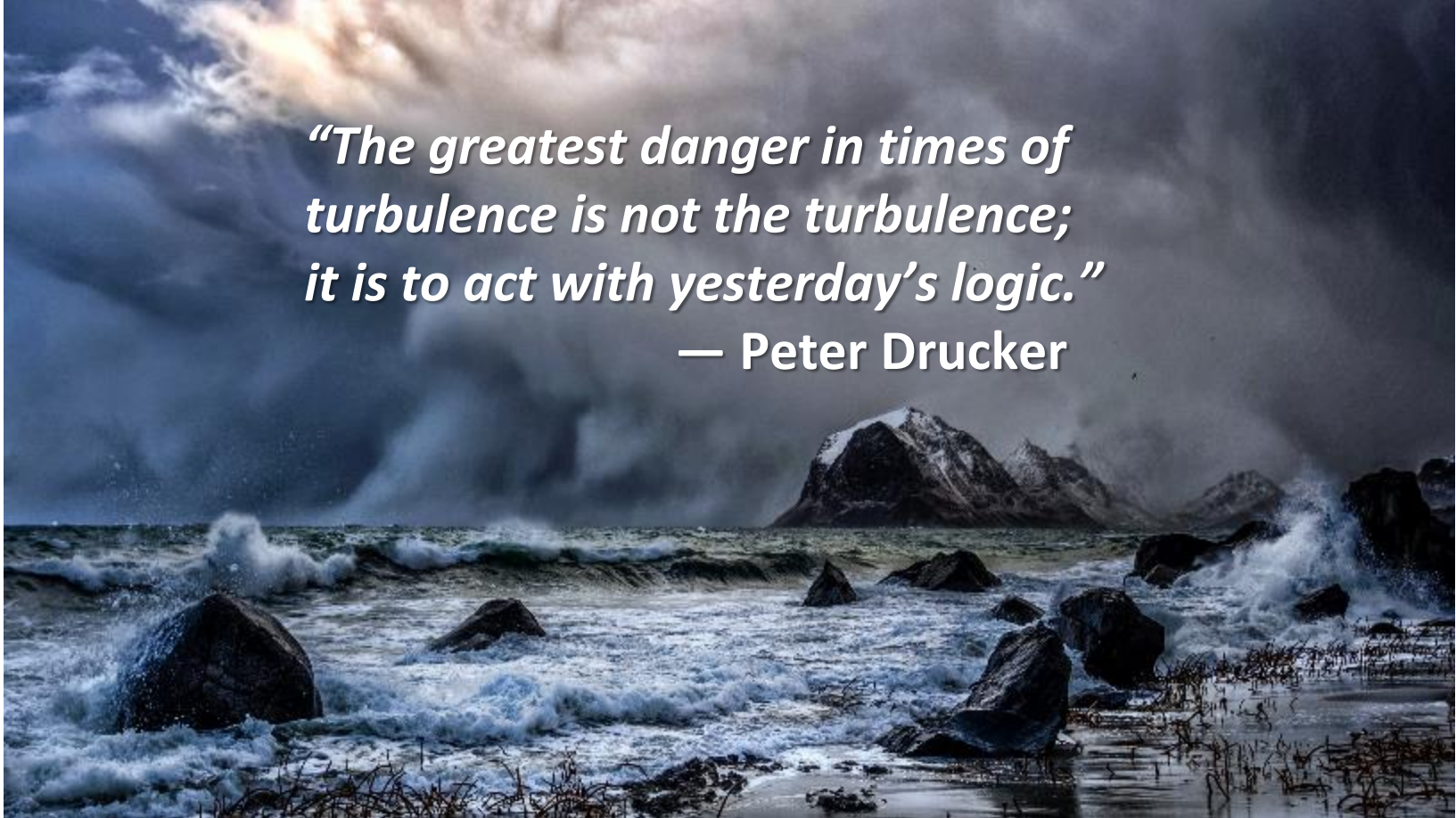


# Topics We'll Address Today

1. What polarities are and why are they are important
2. Seeing polarities
3. Mapping polarities
4. Assessing polarities
5. Learning from polarities
6. Leveraging polarities: strategy for success
7. Identifying polarities around us
8. Recap



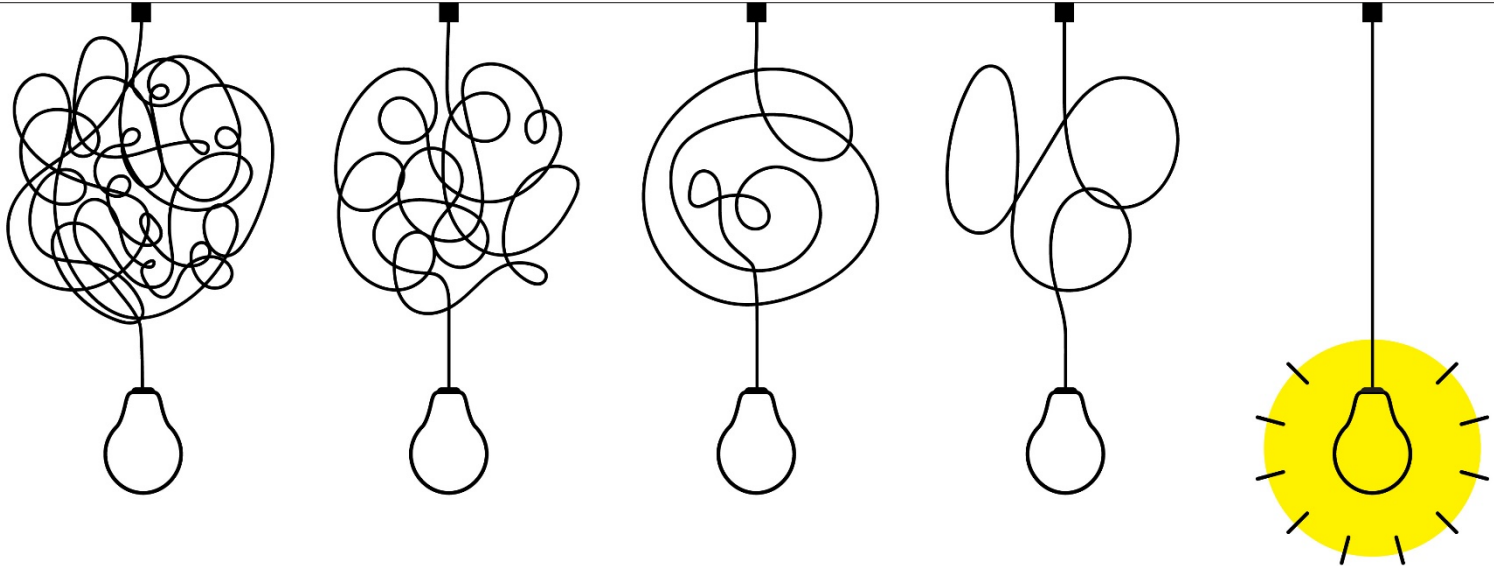
# Wisdom for complex times

The background of the slide is a photograph of a turbulent sea under a dark, stormy sky. Waves are crashing against several large, dark rocks in the foreground. In the distance, a snow-capped mountain peak is visible through the mist. The overall mood is one of intense pressure and uncertainty.

*“The greatest danger in times of turbulence is not the turbulence; it is to act with yesterday’s logic.”*

— Peter Drucker

# A common logic

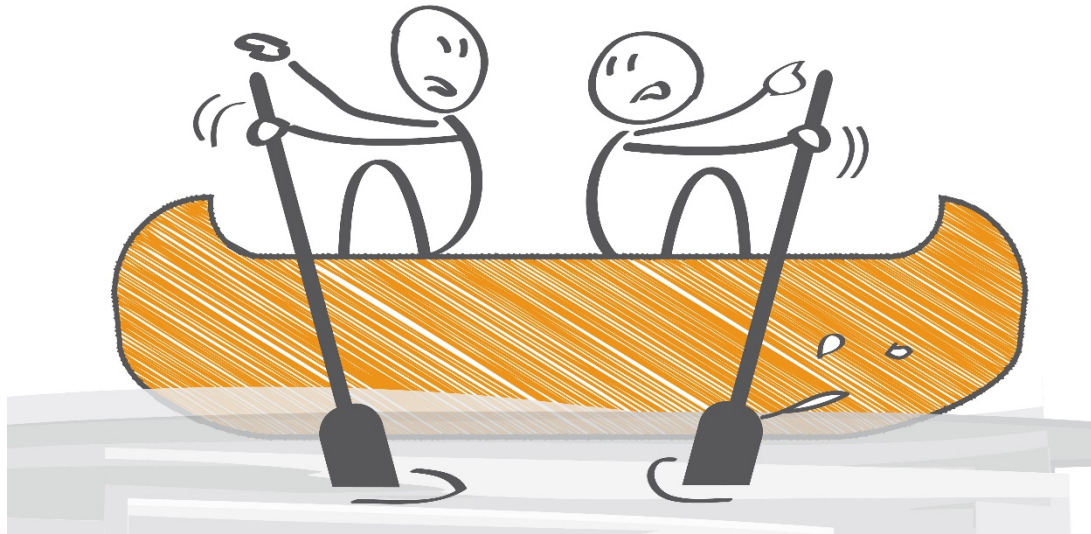


If we're...(fill in the blank), we'll be able to “solve” every problem with one “right” answer or solution.

- Dilemmas
- Dualities
- Paradoxes
- Tensions
- Adaptive problems
- Wicked problems
- **Polarities**



- Ongoing conflict
- Divisiveness
- Blame
- Lack of engagement
- Failure to get results

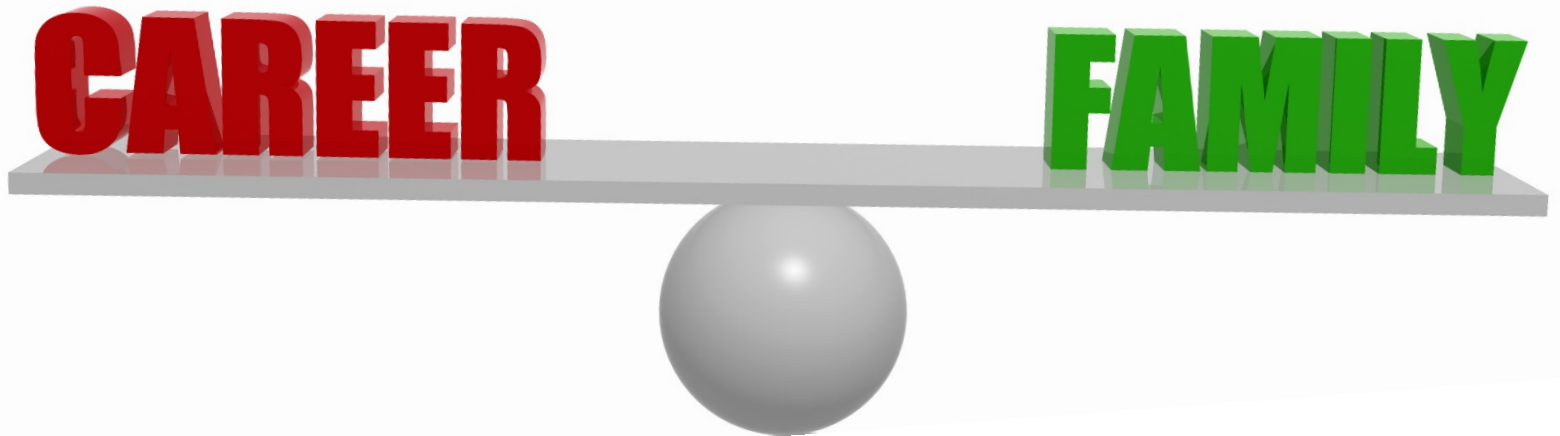


A tool for leveraging  
opposing viewpoints  
to get results **AND**  
improve relationships.

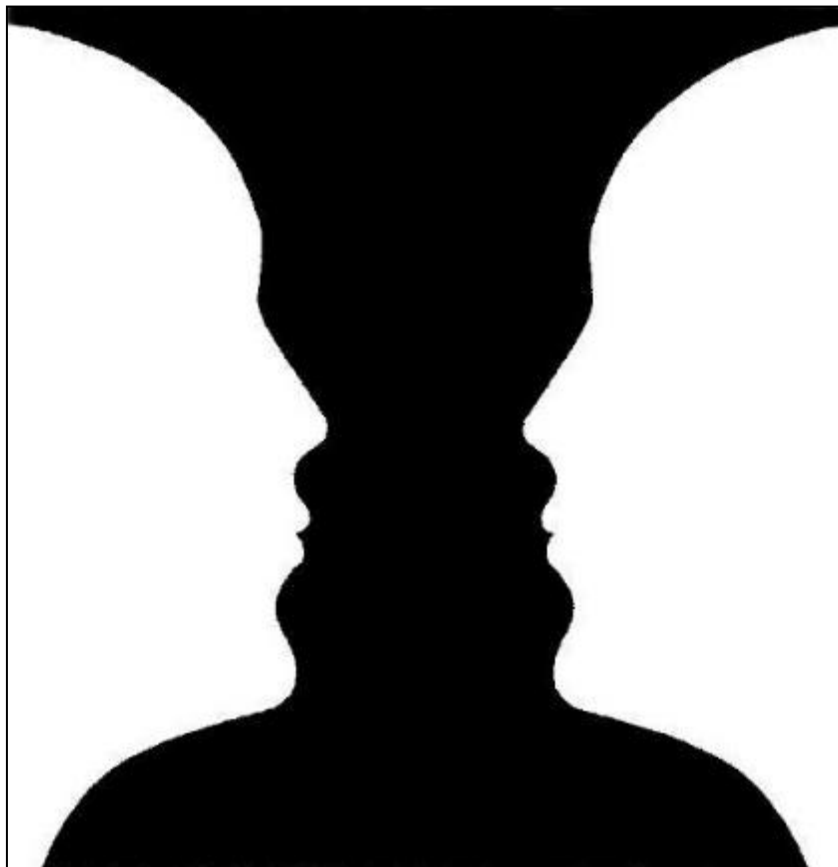




Interdependent pairs of values or ideas that need each other over time for success.

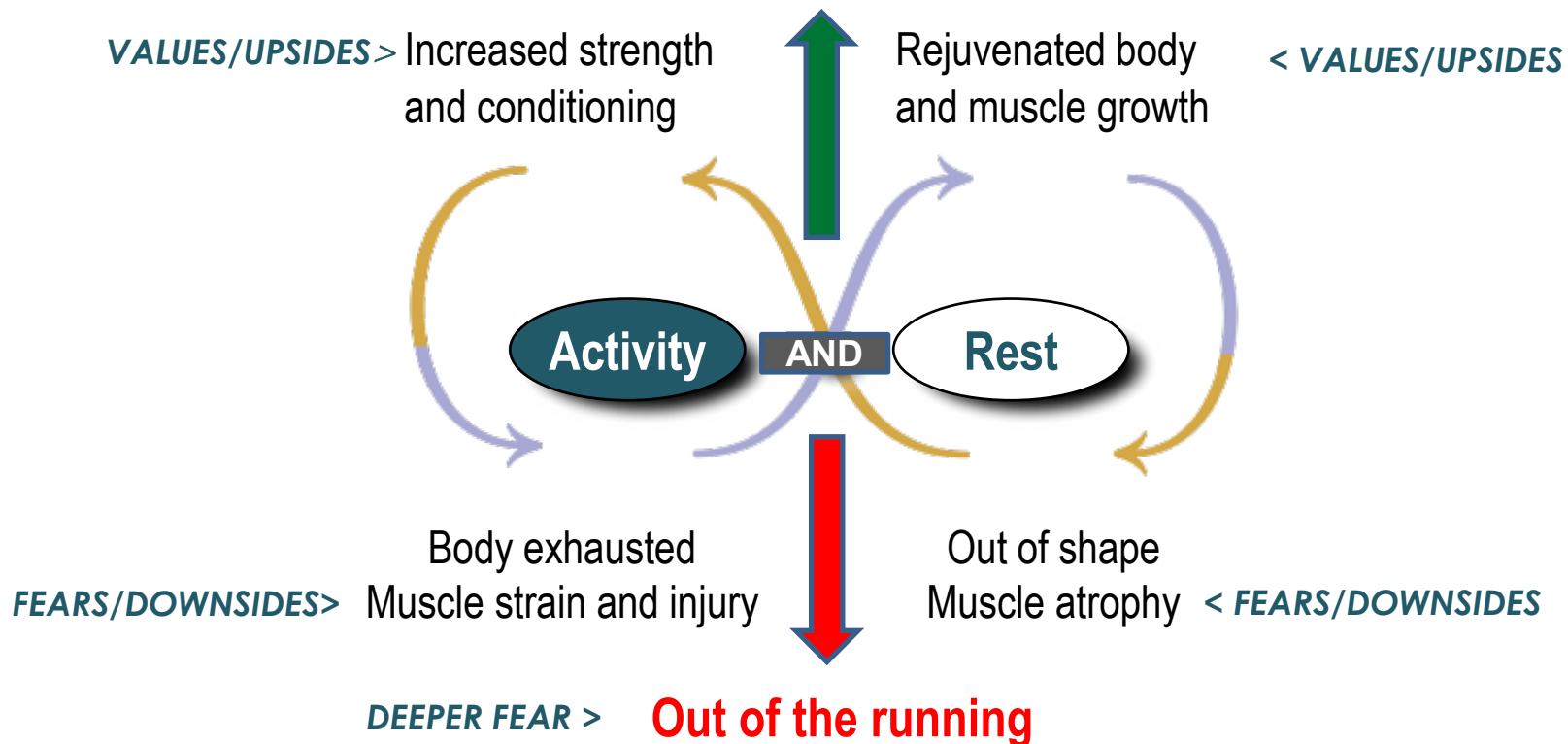


# Seeing polarities: a visual illustration



# Seeing polarities: the dynamic

**GREATER PURPOSE > Successfully compete in a marathon**



## Polarities Use “AND” rather than “VS”



**Poles are always positive or neutral.**

### OTHER EXAMPLES

Structure **AND** Flexibility

Work life **AND** Family life

Strategic view **AND** Tactical view

# Seeing Polarities: Identify the other pole

- Cost AND \_\_\_\_\_
- Provide direction AND \_\_\_\_\_
- Planning AND \_\_\_\_\_
- Confidence AND \_\_\_\_\_
- Freedom AND \_\_\_\_\_
- Develop our organization AND \_\_\_\_\_



# Polarities in acquisitions



# Polarities in leadership

- Support AND Challenge
- Confidence AND Humility
- Providing direction AND Inviting participation
- Inquiry AND Advocacy
- Technical leadership AND Adaptive leadership
- Strategic view AND Tactical view
- Develop your people AND Develop your organization



# Mapping a polarity

## Action Steps

1.Item 1

## Early Warnings

1.Item 1



## Action Steps

1.Item 1

## Early Warnings

1.Item 1

# Assessing a polarity

**Almost always**

**Often**

**Sometimes**

**Seldom**

**Almost never**

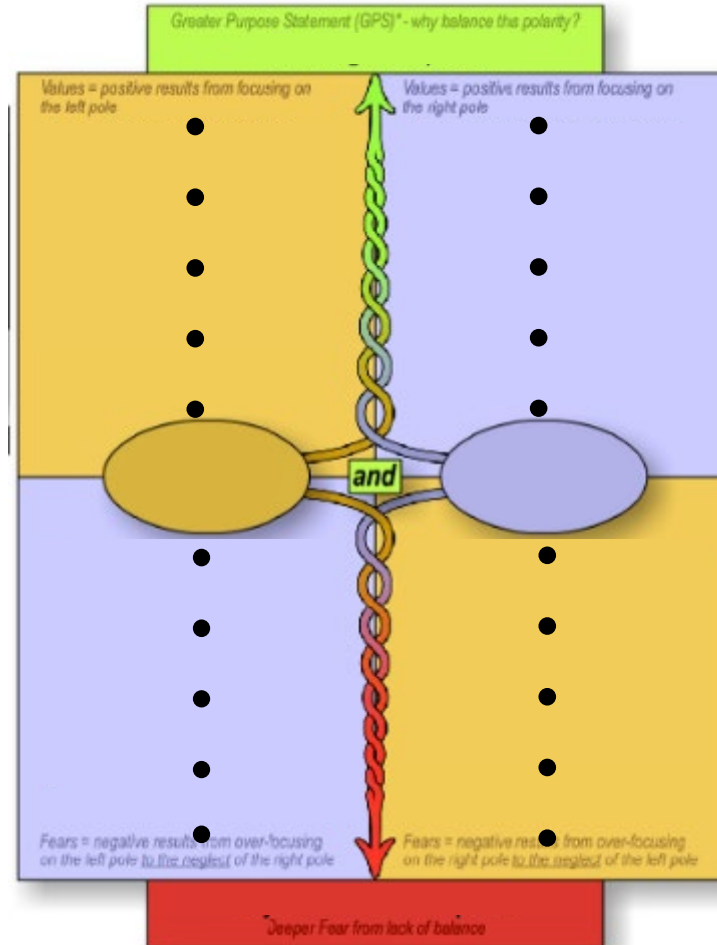
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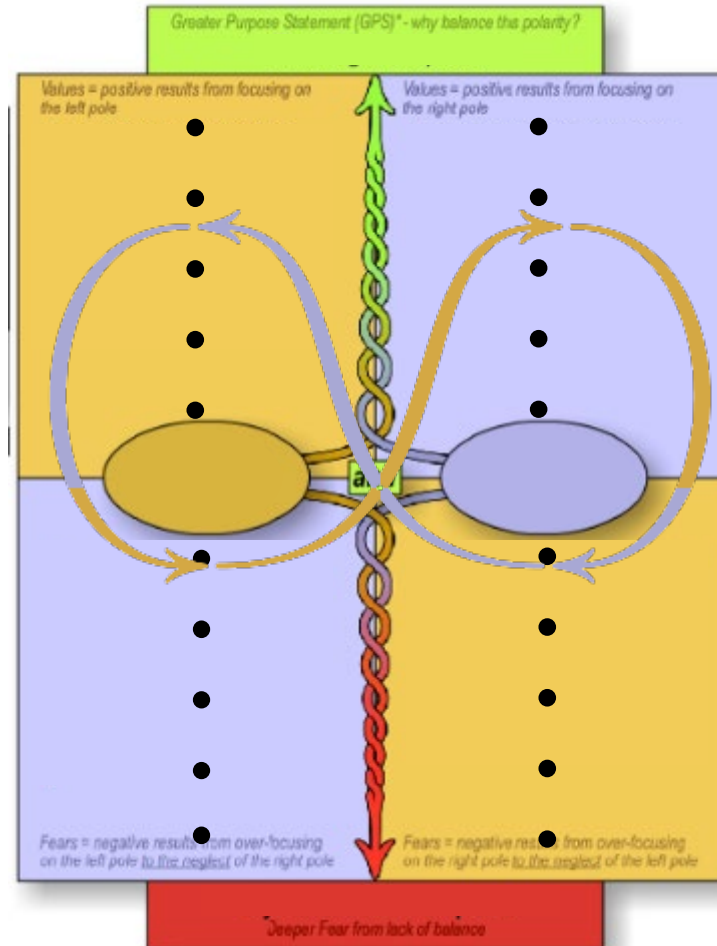
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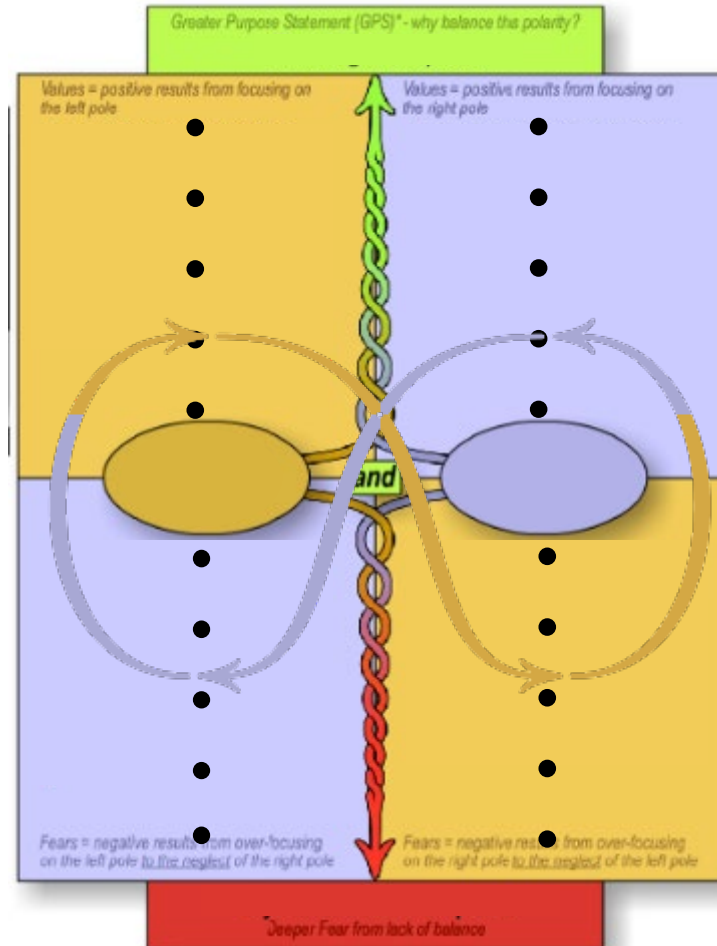
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Many levels where we can learn from polarities

- Individual
- Team
- Organization
- Stakeholder
- Community
- Society



# Leveraging polarities

## Action Steps

1. Manage spend rate
2. Get competitive bids
3. Market analysis
4. Get more contracting people
5. Data analysis
6. Talk with budget analysts
7. Expand no of sources w/in constraints
8. Eliminating waste
9. Economies of scale

## Early Warnings

1. Mishaps
2. Increased rates of returned parts
3. Indications of mission failure
4. Unhappy customer



## Action Steps

1. R&M metrics
2. Argument for high quality/cost of LQ
3. SETRs
4. Provide qual. Standards as requirements
5. Incentivize quality metrics
6. Verification testing
7. Comply with regulations and quality evals

## Early Warnings

1. Cost overrun
2. Gold-plating-unneeded quality growth
3. EVM folk will tell us
4. 3<sup>rd</sup> order effect-longer to get fielded-taking forever to field capability
5. Too many requirements

# Polarity™ Map

## Action Steps

How will we gain or maintain the positive results from focusing on this left pole? What? Who? By When? Measures?

1. Marketing (understand imperative to share)
2. Training (how/why to share)
3. Integrate security solutions into sharing activities
4. Implement Intel Community Information Security marking (IC ISM) standards
5. Implement good governance and oversight
6. Implement ABAC

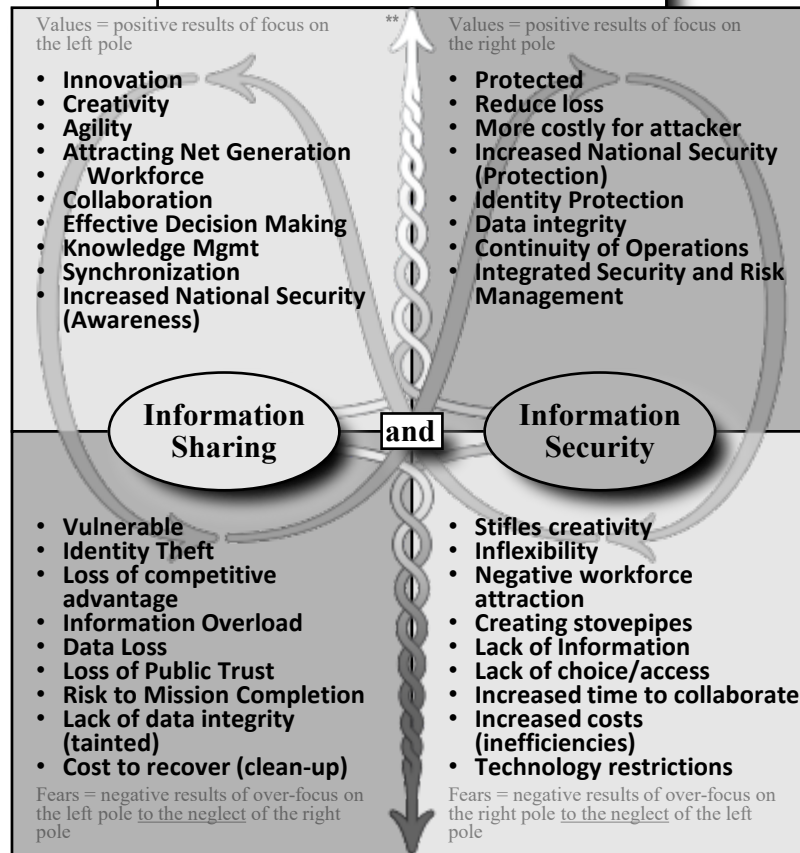
## Early Warnings\*\*\*

Measurable indicators (things you can count) that will let you know that you are getting into the downside of this left pole.

1. Loss of Personally Identifiable Information (PII) up
2. Successful Intrusions/Data exfiltrations up

Greater Purpose Statement (GPS) - why leverage this polarity?

## Information Advantage



## Irrelevance and Insecurity

Deeper Fear from lack of leverage

## Action Steps

How will we gain or maintain the positive results from focusing on this right pole? What? Who? By When? Measures?

1. Marketing (understanding the value of security)
2. Training (practicing good security hygiene)
3. Providing good security tools
4. Implement good governance and oversight
5. Develop better metrics to measure security vulnerabilities
6. Implement ABAC

## Early Warnings

Measurable indicators (things you can count) that will let you know that you are getting into the downside of this right pole.

1. Information in newly fielded systems not visible/accessable outside of the enclave
2. Time to get required information up
3. Access to information denied

# Leveraging a polarity: Early warning

## Action Steps

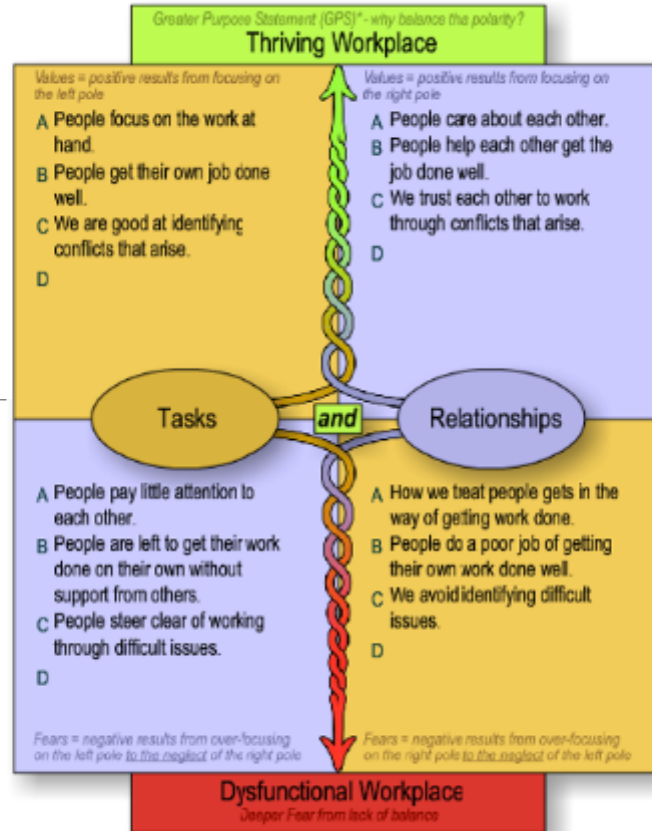
How will we gain or maintain the positive results from focusing on this left pole?  
What? Who? By When? Measures?

- 1 Establish clear tasks, quality standards and deadlines for completion.
- 2 Meet weekly with team members to be sure everyone understands what they are expected to do, when and how.
- 3 Reward employees for quality performance delivered in a timely manner.
- 4 Measure how well employees

## Early Warnings

Measurable indicators (things you can count) that will let you know you are getting the downside of this left pole.

- 1 People resist supporting one another.
- 2 People won't ask coworkers for help when they need it.
- 3 People say they are not interested in participating in team building or company social events.
- 4



## Action Steps

How will we gain or maintain the positive results from focusing on this right pole?  
What? Who? By When? Measures?

- 1 Sponsor events for people to get to know one another.
- 2 Provide team building events twice a year.
- 3 Measure how well employees "build and maintain healthy work relationships" on performance reviews.
- 4 Reward employees for developing and maintaining healthy working relationships.
- 5

## Early Warnings

Measurable indicators (things you can count) that will let you know you are getting the downside of this right pole.

- 1 Employees say they don't know what they are expected to do.
- 2 Performance numbers start to decline.
- 3 When asked, employees cannot articulate how well they are performing against goals and objectives.
- 4



# Identifying polarities: 4 lenses

- 1. Is the difficulty ongoing, like breathing?**
  - yes = probably a polarity to leverage
  - no = probably a problem to solve
- 2. Are there two alternatives that are interdependent, meaning you can only focus on one pole for so long before you are required to focus on the other pole, like inhaling and exhaling?**
  - yes = probably a polarity to leverage
  - no = probably a problem to solve
- 3. Is it necessary, over time, for you to have both identified upsides?**
  - yes = probably a polarity to leverage
  - no = probably a problem to solve
- 4. Will focusing on one upside to the neglect of the other eventually undermine your efforts to move toward your higher purpose?**
  - yes = probably a polarity to leverage
  - no = probably a problem to solve

1. Where should the team go for lunch today?  
Diane likes Tai. Michael really wants Italian.
2. How do we work with our supplier to get what we need on this job and keep relations intact for the next one?
3. Which of these designs will give us the greatest reliability based on the specs provided?
4. My husband said he's not comfortable with my working late so many days a week.

**Breakout conversation:**

In your small group, identify one to three polarities that you're dealing with now (or will have to deal with). They can be at work or elsewhere in your life. Make notes of the following:

1. The poles of each polarity
2. The greater purpose of each polarity  
(*Why manage this polarity?*)
3. The deeper fear (*What will happen if you don't manage this polarity?*)

Please note your room # and appoint a spokesperson for when we reconvene.



**Either/or** **AND** **Both/and**



1. Polarities are interdependent pairs of ideas or values that need each other over time for success
2. They are everywhere and ongoing
3. All polarities have the same dependable dynamic
4. Map polarities to understand and leverage them
5. Use action steps and early warnings to create a mini strategic plan to realize our greater purpose



- What from today do you resonate with?
- What issues are at play in our world today that might benefit from a polarity perspective? How might you bring that perspective to bear, even in a small way?



## **Polarity Partnerships Website**

<http://www.polaritypartnerships.com>

## **Polarity Thinking Video with Cliff Kayser**

<https://youtu.be/IZxvEwWcd5I>

## **Books**

*Polarity Management: Identifying and Managing Unsolvable Problems* by Barry Johnson  
Ph.D.

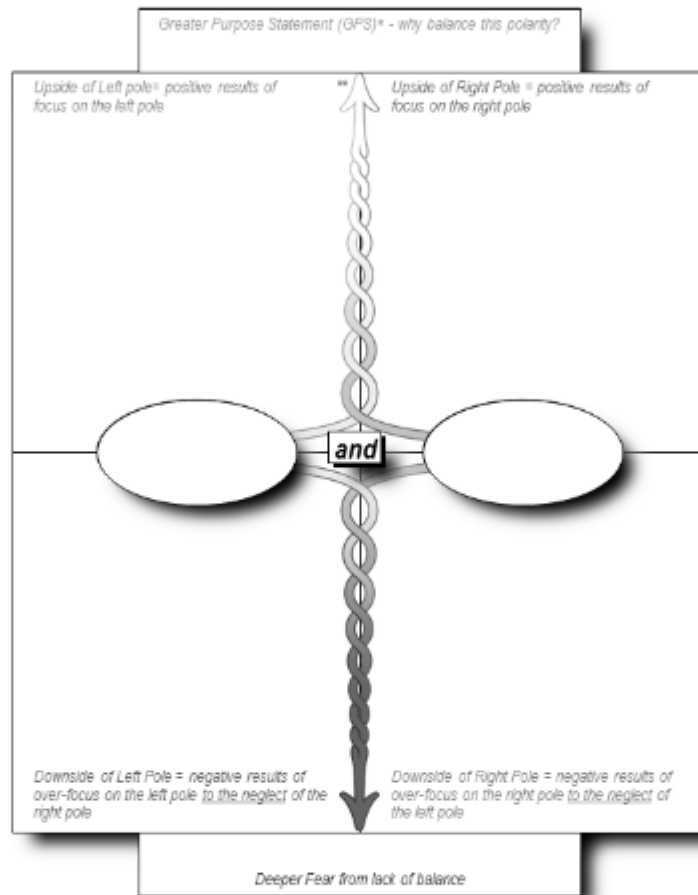
*Riding the Whirlwind: Connecting People and Organizations in a Culture of Innovation* by  
Fons Trompenaars

## Action Steps

*How will we gain or maintain the positive results from focusing on this left pole?  
What? Who? By When? Measures?*

## Early Warnings\*\*\*

*Measurable indicators (things you can count) that will let you know that you are getting into the downside of this left pole.*



## Action Steps

*How will we gain or maintain the positive results from focusing on this right pole?  
What? Who? By When? Measures?*

## Early Warnings

*Measurable indicators (things you can count) that will let you know that you are getting into the downside of this right pole.*

# Assessing a polarity

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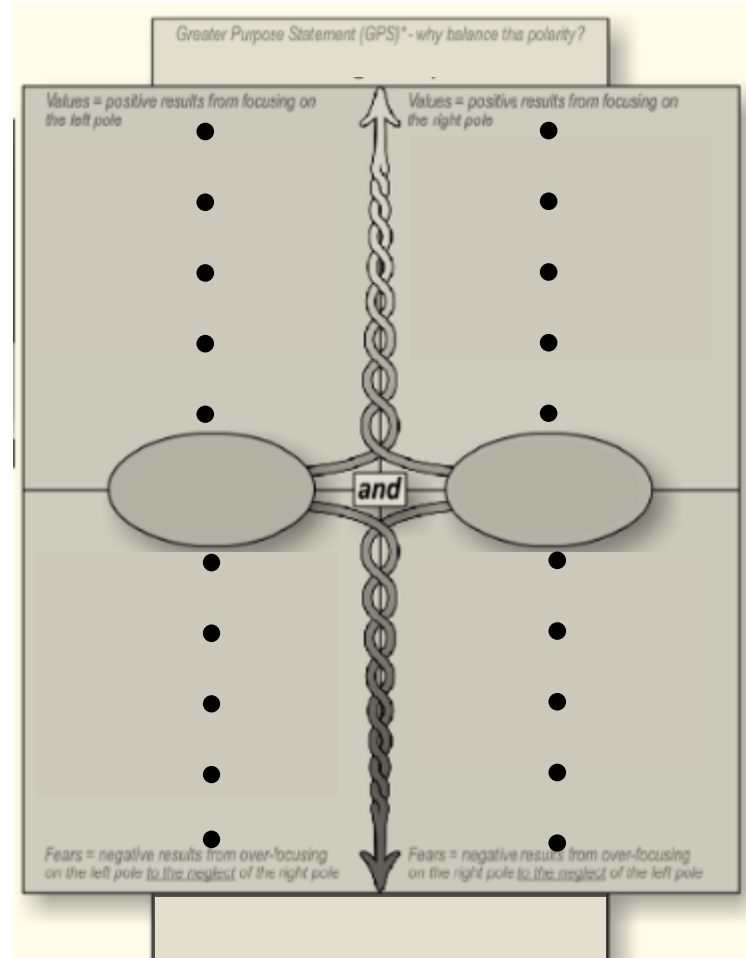
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# Problem or polarity? Some contrasts

Problem to Solve (either/or)	Polarity to Manage (both/and)
<p>They are finite. There is an end point. They are solvable.</p>	<p>They are ongoing. There is no end point. They are not solvable. They must be managed together.</p>
<i>Independent</i> Alternatives	<i>Interdependent</i> Alternatives
<p>They can stand alone. There is no need to include an alternative for the solution to work.</p>	<p>Neither can stand alone. The alternatives need each other to optimize the situation over time.</p>
<p>Often contain mutually <b>exclusive</b> opposites:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Should we promote Bill?</li> <li>•What should we include in our customer survey?</li> <li>•When was the war of 1812?</li> <li>•Should we remove one level of management?</li> </ul>	<p>Always contain mutually <b>inclusive</b> opposites:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Individual and Team</li> <li>•Cost and Quality</li> <li>•Competition and Collaboration</li> <li>•Work and Home</li> </ul>

# Key points about polarities

1. Both poles are necessary.
2. They are interdependent opposites that need each other over time for sustainable success
3. If you over focus on one pole to the neglect of the other, you will anticipate or experience the downside of that pole. The reverse is also true.
4. To get “relief” from the downside of either pole, you must focus on the upside of the opposite pole.
5. The oscillation is ongoing...the natural tension between poles is unavoidable, unsolvable, indestructible and can be engaged to reach a goal. It’s the same for all polarities.